

### **Amendments to the claims**

1. (currently amended) A device for applying a variable differential group delay to a signal at an input of the device, and for providing the modified signal at an output of the device, the device comprising:

first, second and third birefringent elements arranged in order between the input and output of the device and having first, second and third differential group delays (DGDs) in the ratio 1:2:1, and having principal axes, the first second and third differential group delays being significantly larger than the optical period of the signal at the input of the device;

means for controlling, in each birefringent element, the orientation of the PSPs of the signal in the element relatively to the principal axes of the element, the control being such that a change in orientation between the first and second elements is equal and opposite to a change in orientation between the second and third elements.

2. (original) A polarization mode dispersion (PMD) compensator for receiving an optical input data signal which has been subjected to PMD and outputting a compensated signal, the compensator comprising a device for applying a variable differential group delay according to claim 1.

3. (original) A device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the control means comprises:

means for varying the orientation of the principal axes of the second birefringent element relative to the first birefringent element and for varying the orientation of the principal axes of the third birefringent element relative to the second birefringent element,

wherein the varying means is controlled such that the angle of the principal axes of the second birefringent element relative to the first birefringent element is

equal and opposite to the angle of the principal axes of the third birefringent element relative to the second birefringent element.

4. (original) A device as claimed in claim 3, wherein the varying means comprises means for rotating the first, second and third birefringent elements.

5. (original) A device as claimed in claim 4, wherein the rotating means is adapted to rotate the first birefringent element by a selected angle in a first sense, to rotate the second birefringent element by the selected angle in a second, opposite sense, and to rotate the third birefringent element by the selected angle in the first sense.

6. (original) A device as claimed in claim 5, wherein the selected angle can vary between 0 and  $\pi/4$  radians.

7. (original) A device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the control means comprises:

first means for varying the orientation of the PSPs of a signal between the first and second birefringent elements; and

second means for varying the orientation of the PSPs of a signal between the second and third birefringent elements,

wherein the first and second means are controlled such that they vary the orientation by equal and opposite amounts.

8. (original) A device as claimed in claim 7, wherein each varying means comprises a polarization rotator.

9. (original) A device as claimed in claim 8, further comprising a polarization controller at the input to the device for selecting the orientation of the PSPs of the

signal in the first birefringent element relatively to the principal axes of the first birefringent element.

10. (withdrawn) A device for applying a variable differential group delay according to claim 1 to a signal at an input of the device, and for providing the modified signal at an output of the device, the device comprising first and second compensator units, wherein the first compensator unit comprises:

~~—— first, second and third birefringent elements arranged in order between the input and output of the compensator and having first, second and third differential group delays (DGDs) in the ratio 1:2:1, and having principal axes;~~

~~—— first control means for controlling, in each birefringent element, the orientation of the PSPs of the signal in the element relatively to the principal axes of the element, the control being such that the change in orientation between the first and second elements is equal and opposite to the change in orientation between the second and third elements, and wherein the first, second and third birefringent elements and the means for controlling together comprise a first compensator unit, wherein the means for controlling comprises a first control means, wherein the device further comprises a second compensator unit, and wherein the second compensator unit comprises:~~

~~first and second birefringent elements arranged between the input and output of the second compensator unit and having equal DGDs, and having principle axes; and~~

~~second control means for controlling, in each birefringent element, the orientation of the PSPs of the signal in the element relatively to the principal axes of the element.~~

11. (withdrawn) A polarization mode dispersion (PMD) compensator comprising a device for applying a variable differential group delay according to claim 10.

12. (withdrawn) A device as claimed in claim 10, wherein the DGDs of the elements of the second compensator unit are equal to the DGD of the second birefringent element of the first compensator unit.

13. (withdrawn) A device as claimed in claim 10, wherein the first control means comprises:

first means for varying the orientation of the PSPs of a signal between the first and second birefringent elements; and

second means for varying the orientation of the PSPs of a signal between the second and third birefringent elements,

wherein the first and second means are controlled such that they vary the orientation by equal and opposite amounts.

14. (withdrawn) A device as claimed in claim 13, wherein each varying means comprises a polarization rotator.

15. (withdrawn) A device as claimed in claim 10, wherein the second control means comprises:

first means for varying the orientation of the PSPs of a signal at the input of the first birefringent element;

second means for varying the orientation of the PSPs of a signal between the first and second birefringent elements; and

third means for varying the orientation of the PSPs of a signal at the output of the second birefringent element.

16. (withdrawn) A device as claimed in claim 15, wherein the first varying means provides a rotation of a selected angle in a first sense, the second varying means provides a rotation of double the selected angle in a second, opposite sense, and the third varying means provides a rotation of the selected angle in the first sense.

17. (withdrawn) A device as claimed in claim 16 wherein the change in orientation  $\theta$  in the first compensator unit and the selected angle  $\varphi/2$  in the second compensator unit are selected such that  $\varphi - \theta = \pi$  radians.

18. (withdrawn) A device as claimed in claim 15, wherein each means for varying comprises a polarization rotator.

19. (withdrawn) A PMD compensator as claimed in claim 11, further comprising a first order PMD compensator.

20. (withdrawn) A compensator as claimed in claim 19, wherein the first order PMD compensator comprises:

first, second and third birefringent elements arranged in order between the input and output of the compensator and having first, second and third differential group delays (DGDs) in the ratio 1:2:1, and having principal axes;

means for controlling, in each birefringent element, the orientation of the PSPs of the signal in the element relatively to the principal axes of the element, the control being such that a change in orientation between the first and second elements is equal and opposite to a change in orientation between the second and third elements.

21. (currently amended) A device for applying a variable differential group delay to a signal at an input of the device, and for providing the modified signal at an output of the device, the device comprising:

at least four birefringent elements arranged between the input and output of the device, and having principal axes, each birefringent element being associated with a control device for controlling the orientation of the PSPs of the signal in the element relatively to the principal axes of the element, the differential group delays of the first to fourth birefringent elements each being significantly larger than the optical period of the signal at the input of the device; and

a controller for controlling the control devices such that, for all settings of the device, at most two of the birefringent elements have orientations other than 0 or 90 degrees.

22. (original) A polarization mode dispersion (PMD) compensator for receiving an optical input data signal which has been subjected to PMD and outputting a compensated signal, the arrangement comprising a device according to claim 21.

23. (original) A device as claimed in claim 21, wherein there are  $n$  birefringent elements, each having the same DGD.

24. (original) A device as claimed in claim 23, wherein the device provides a net DGD between 0 and  $n$  times the DGD of each element.

25. (original) A device as claimed in claim 21 comprising 6 birefringent elements, the control device of the first birefringent element comprising a polarization controller, and the control device of the second to sixth birefringent elements comprising a polarization rotator.

26-34. (cancelled)